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Lappeenranta University of Technology

LUT Machine Vision and Pattern Recognition

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BM40A1200 Digital Imaging and Image Preprocessing

Lasse Lensu, Tuure Tuuva and Erik Vartiainen

Exam 2016-01-28

In addition the writing instruments, allowed items in the exam: a calculator.

Other instructions: i) justify your answers well and ii) if there is any additional material provided with this exam paper, it must be returned with your answers.

1. Understanding of concepts (10 p): Explain briefly the following terms related to digital imaging and image processing. In the case of more than one term (*... vs. ...*), explain also the differences of the mentioned terms. The maximum length of the answer to the whole task is **1 page**.
  - (a) Binning
  - (b) Chromatic aberration
  - (c) Intrinsic camera parameters *vs.* extrinsic camera parameters
  - (d) Linear filter *vs.* non-linear filter
  - (e) Wavefront
2. Imaging technology (10 p): Describe the two main image sensor types utilized in digital cameras today. Compare the operating principles in short and mention benefits of each sensor type.
3. Laser output (10 p): The pulse energy of a laser is 1 nJ, the pulse width 80 fs and the repetition rate of pulses 60 MHz.
  - (a) Estimate the average radiant flux and the peak flux (pulse height in watts) of the laser output.
  - (b) If the beam is focused by a lens to the diameter of 500 nm, what is the irradiance at the focus? The pulse shape can be approximated as rectangular and the beam cross-section as circular.
4. Stimulated emission depletion (STED) microscopy (10 p): Explain in detail the operating principle of and components needed for STED microscopy.
5. Image noise and calibration (10 p): Image pixel values represent the light intensity from the scene projected onto the light-sensitive area of the digital camera sensor.
  - (a) List the different types and characteristics of noise altering the image pixel values.
  - (b) Describe in detail the procedure and the needed images for calibrating the pixel values to properly represent the light intensities.